OF AUSTRALIA

FINANCIAL REPORT

CERTIFICATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We certify that the attached financial statements for the Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia have been prepared from proper accounts and records in accordance with prescribed format, the *Financial Management Act* and Treasurer's Directions.

We further state that the information set out in the Comprehensive Operating Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, and notes to and forming part of the financial statements, presents fairly the financial performance and cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the financial position on that date.

At the time of signing, we are not aware of any circumstances that would render the particulars included in the financial statements misleading or inaccurate.

Dated 15 September 2016

C Ilano

at Darwin in the Northern Territory

C L SANDY Chairman

15/9/2016

R I SARIB Member 19 / 9 / 2016

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COMPREHENSIVE OPERATING STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	NOTE	2016 \$	2015 \$
INCOME		Ψ	Ψ
Income from fees	3	13,010	14,911
Services received free of charge	3	27,994	27,178
TOTAL INCOME		41,004	42,089
EXPENSES			
Services received free of charge	3	27,994	27,178
Audit expenses	3	6,767	6,829
Supplies and services	3	6,097	4,646
Membership fees	3	1,179	1,174
TOTAL EXPENSES		42,037	39,827
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	3	(1,033)	2,262
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(1,033)	2,262

The Comprehensive Operating Statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

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BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2016

	NOTE	2016	2015
		\$	\$
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivable	5	67,471 -	69,697 -
Total Current Assets		67,471	69,697
TOTAL ASSETS		67,471	69,697
LIABILITIES Payable		6,884	8,077
Total Current Liabilities		6,884	8,077
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,884	8,077
NET ASSETS		60,587	61,620
EQUITY Retained profits		60,587	61,620
TOTAL EQUITY		60,587	61,620

The Balance Sheet is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

As at 30 June 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
BALANCE OF EQUITY AT 1 JULY	61,620	59,358
Accumulated Funds		
Balance at 1 July	61,620	59,358
Surplus for the period	(1,033)	2,262
BALANCE OF EQUITY AT 30 JUNE	60,587	61,620

The Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	NOTE	2016 \$	2015 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Ť	•
Cash receipts in the course of operations Cash payments in the course of operations		13,010 (15,236)	14,911 (4,572)
Cash payments in the course of operations		(15,230)	(4,572)
Net cash from operating activities	6	(2,226)	10,339
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	-
Net increase in cash held		(2,226)	10,339
Cash at the beginning of the year		69,697	59,358
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	5	67,471	69,697

The Cash Flow Statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

1 OBJECTIVES AND FUNDING

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia is constituted under Section 8 of the *Licensed Surveyors Act* to regulate the practice of land boundary surveying and the registration of land boundary surveyors.

Most of the operational expenses of the Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia are funded by the annual registration fees paid by the licensed surveyors. However the entity also receives services which are provided free of charge from the Northern Territory Government.

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia is a not for profit entity.

2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of Compliance

The general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Financial Management Act* and related Treasurer's Directions.

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia was established by the *Licensed Surveyor's Act*. It is not an agency under the *Financial Management Act*, but is required under section 21 of the *Licensed Surveyors Act* to comply with section 10 of the *Financial Management Act* as if it was a Government Business Division.

The *Financial Management Act* requires the Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia to prepare statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 based on the form determined by the Northern Territory Treasurer. The form of financial statement is to include:

- (i) a Certification of the Financial Statements;
- (ii) a Comprehensive Operating Statement;
- (iii) a Balance Sheet;
- (iv) a Statement of Changes in Equity;
- (v) a Cash Flow Statement; and
- (vi) applicable explanatory notes to the financial statements.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which recognises the effect of financial transactions and events when they occur rather than when cash is paid out or received. As part of the preparation of the financial statements, all intra Agency transactions have been eliminated.

Except where stated, the financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

The form of Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia financial statements is also consistent with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards. The effects of all relevant new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are effective for the current annual reporting period have been evaluated. The Standards and Interpretations and their impacts are:

AASB 1048 Interpretation of Standards This reflects amended versions of Interpretations arising in relation to amendments to AASB 9 Financial Instruments and consequential amendments arising from the issuance of AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

AASB 2013-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [Part C Financial Instruments] Part C of this Standard amends AASB 9 Financial Instruments to add Chapter 6 Hedge accounting and makes consequential amendments to AASB 9 and numerous other Standards. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

AASB 2014-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 This Standard makes amendments to AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2009) and AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2010). These amendments arise from the issuance of AASB 9 Financial Instruments in December 2014. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

AASB 2015-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality The standard completes the withdrawal of references to AASB 1031 in all Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations, allowing the standard to effectively be withdrawn. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

AASB 2015-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Financial Reporting Requirements for Australian Groups with a Foreign Parent Amendments are made to AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint ventures to require the ultimate Australian entity to apply the equity method in accounting for interests in associates and joint ventures, if either the entity or the group is a reporting entity, or both the entity and group are reporting entities. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part E - Financial Instruments) Part E of this Standard defers the application date of AASB 9 Financial Instruments to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The standard does not impact the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

The following standards and interpretations are likely to have an insignificant impact on the financial statements for future reporting periods, but the exact impact is yet to be determined:

Standard/Interpretation	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after
AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2014), AASB 2014-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2014)	r carraary 2010
AASB 1057 Application of Accounting Standards	1 January 2016
AASB 2015-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Scope and Application Paragraphs [AASB 8, 133 and 1057]	1 January 2016
AASB 2015-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128	1 January 2016
AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 [AASB 7, 101, 134 & 1049]	i dandary 2010

The following standards and interpretations are expected to have a potential impact on the financial statements for future reporting periods:

Standard/Interpretation	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after	
AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities [AASB 10, 124 and 1049]	1 July 2016	New note disclosure to include remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP) and related party transactions.
2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107		New disclosure on the reconciliation of the changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

(c) Initial Recognition, Measurement and Derecognition of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

Where necessary, financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

(d) Classification and Subsequent Measurement of Financial Instruments

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- loans and receivables;
- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- held-to-maturity investments; and
- available-for-sale financial assets.

(e) Impairment of Financial Instruments

Where necessary, all financial assets except for those at FVTPL are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

(f) Financial Guarantees

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia does not have any financial quarantee contracts.

(g) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative information for the 2014-2015 financial year has been reclassified to provide consistency with current year disclosures.

(h) Rounding of Amounts

Amounts in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

(i) Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to accounting policies adopted in 2015-16 as a result of management decisions.

OF AUSTRALIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

(j) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Cash Flows Statement on a gross basis.

(k) Income Recognition

Income is recognised at the fair value of the consideration given, exclusive of the amount of GST.

(I) Taxation

The entity is not required to pay income tax on its accounting profit pursuant to section 24AM of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*.

(m) Cash

For the purpose of the Balance Sheet and the Cash Flow Statement, cash includes cash on hand and cash held in the entity's operating account.

(n) Employee Benefits

No provision is made for employee benefits as the entity, in its own right, has no employees.

(o) Accounting Judgments & Estimates

Services received free of charge were estimated as per the following:

- 5% of the Surveyor General's (Chairman) time;
- 10% of a Senior Surveyor's (Secretary) time;
- 3% of an Administrative Accounts Officer's time; and
- notional charges for transactions (receipting/payments) and use of facilities (conference room, telephone, photocopier etc.).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

		2016	2015
3	INCOME AND EXPENSES	\$	\$
	Annual surveyor registration fees	12,724	14,283
	Services received free of charge	27,994	27,178
	Other revenue	286	628
	Total revenue from ordinary activities	41,004	42,089
	EXPENSES		
	Services received free of charge	27,994	27,178
	Audit expenses	6,767	6,829
	Supplies and services	6,097	4,646
	Membership fees	1,179	1,174
	Total expenses from ordinary activities	42,037	39,827
	NET SURPLUS/DEFICIT	(1,033)	2,262

4 SERVICES RECEIVED FREE OF CHARGE

During the year, the entity received services which were provided for free by the Northern Territory Government. Management has estimated that the value of services received free of charge was \$27,994, refer to note 2 (o). This amount has been included in the Comprehensive Operating Statement.

		2016	2015
5	CASH ASSETS	\$	\$
	Operating account	67,471	69,697
6	NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT	\$	\$
	Reconciliation of net surplus/deficit to net cash from operating activities	·	·
	Net Surplus/(Deficit) Changes in Assets and Liabilities	(1,033)	2,262
	(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables	-	-
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables	(1,193)	8,077
	Net cash from operating activities	(2,226)	10,339

OF AUSTRALIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments held by the Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia include cash and deposits, receivables and payables. The entity has limited exposure to financial risks as discussed below.

(a) Credit Risk

The entity has limited credit risk exposure (risk of default). In respect of any dealings with organisations external to Government, the entity has adopted a policy of only dealing with credit worthy organisations and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral or other security obtained.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

(c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The entity has no exposure to interest rate risk as the entity's financial assets and financial liabilities are non-interest bearing.

The entity has no financial instruments impacted by price risk, and is not exposed to currency risk.

(d) Net Fair Value

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximates their respective net fair values. Where differences exist, these are not material.

8 COMMITMENTS

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia had no expenditure or lease commitments as at 30 June 2016 or 30 June 2015.

9 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia had no contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at 30 June 2016 or 30 June 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

10 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

No events have arisen between the end of the financial year and the date of this report that require adjustment to, or disclosure in these financial statements.

11 WRITE-OFFS, POSTPONEMENTS, WAIVERS, GIFTS AND EX GRATIA PAYMENTS

The Surveyors Board of the Northern Territory of Australia had no write-offs, postponements or waivers in 2015-16.

12 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL/RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

Members of the Board for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 consisted of:

- Craig Sandy Chairman (NTG employee);
- Rob Sarib Deputy Chairman (NTG employee);
- Warwick Bryant member (non-NTG employee);
- Brian Blakeman member (non-NTG employee); and
- Richard Purnell member (non-NTG employee).

The amount of sitting fees paid to non-NTG members was \$2,736 in 2015-16.